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Tel: [263] [4] 794478 Fax & Messages [263] [4] 793592 E-mail: veritas @mango.zw

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Statutory Instrument 11 of 2008 (abridged<sup>1</sup>).

[CONSTITUTION

Proclamation 3 of 2008

#### **PROCLAMATION**

by

HIS EXCELLENCY THE HONOURABLE ROBERT GABRIEL MUGABE, G.C.Z.M., President of Zimbabwe and Commander-in-Chief of the Defence Forces of Zimbabwe.

WHEREAS, in terms of section 61A(1) of the Constitution, the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission shall, no later than the date notified to it by the President, being a date no later than three months before the date fixed or to be fixed by a proclamation as the date on which Parliament is dissolved under section 63(7) of the Constitution or, as the case may be, the date of the dissolution of Parliament under section 63(4) of the Constitution, determine the limits of the wards and constituencies into which Zimbabwe is to be divided for the purpose of electing members of the governing bodies of local authorities and members of Parliament respectively;

AND WHEREAS, in terms of the proviso to section 61A(1) of the Constitution, it is provided that the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission shall produce a preliminary delimitation report no later than one month before the date fixed or to be fixed by a proclamation as the date on which Parliament is dissolved under section 63(7) of the Constitution or, as the case may be, the date of the dissolution of Parliament under section 63(4) of the Constitution;

AND WHEREAS, in terms of the proviso to section 61A(8) of the Constitution, the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission has submitted to the President a preliminary delimitation report comprising—

- (a) a list of wards and House of Assembly constituencies delimited by the Commission, with the names assigned to each and a description of their boundaries;
- (b) a list of the senatorial constituencies delimited by the Commission, with the names assigned to each and a description of their boundaries;
- (c) a map or maps showing the wards and House of Assembly and senatotrial constituencies into which Zimbabwe has been divided by the Commission; and
- (d) any further information or particulars which the Commission considered necessary; and the President has, in accordance with the aforesaid provision, caused the report of be laid before Parliament on the 14th January, 2008<sup>2</sup>:

In preparing this abridged version of this 127-page proclamation, we have omitted much detail from the Schedule (boundary descriptions, etc), as indicated in our italicised notes in the text. *Veritas*.

<sup>(</sup>sic) The Parliamentary record shows that the report was laid before the House of Assembly on Wednesday 16th January and before the Senate on Thursday 17th January, and that when laying it before the House of Assembly the Minister of Justice, Legal and Parliamentary Affairs stated that it had been presented to the President on the morning of 16th January. Veritas.

AND WHEREAS, in terms of the proviso to section 61A(11) of the Constitution, within fourteen days after receiving the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission's final delimitation report, the President shall publish a proclamation in the *Gazette* declaring the names and boundaries of the wards and the House of Assembly and senatorial constituencies as finally determined by the Commission to be the wards and House of Assembly and senatorial constituencies of Zimbabwe, which boundaries shall have effect for the purposes of the next and any subsequent general election;

AND WHEREAS the President received the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission's final delimitation report on the 23rd January, 2008;

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers vested in the President as afore said, I do, by this Proclamation declare the names and boundaries of the wards and the House of Assembly and senatorial constituencies as finally determined by the Commission, which names and boundaries are set out in the Schedule to this Proclamation, to be the wards and House of Assembly and senatorial constituencies of Zimbabwe for the purposes of the forthcoming and any subsequent general election.

#### **SCHEDULE**

# NAMES ABD DESCRIPTIONS OF BOUNDARIES OF WARDS AND HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY AND SENATORIAL CONSTITUENCIES

#### PART I

# NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES AND WARDS

In the following Part the names and descriptions of the boundaries of the House of Assembly constituencies are given, followed by the number of the wards of the local government area or areas included that constituency. The descriptions of the boundaries of these wards are contained in the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission's final delimitation report, which descriptions (together with figures representing Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 36 South (S) co-ordinates, based on the modified Clarke 1880 Spheroid (SA), for both the constituencies and the wards) are hereby incorporated by reference. The report may be inspected free of charge during normal working hours at the following provincial offices of the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission:

Mutungagore Government Complex, Second Floor, Office 22, Bindura

Mhlahlandlela Government Complex, Block F, Sixth Floor, Office 16, Bulawayo

Seven Heroes Buildings, Office 9, Chinhoyi

1194 Bigben Road, Gwanda

Government Complex, First Floor, Office 1035/6, Gweru

Cecil House, Fourth Floor, Jason Moyo Avenue, Harare

Government Complex, Second Floor, Office 11, Marondera

District Administration Complex, Office 18, Masvingo

Government Complex, corner Robert Mugabe/4th Street, Mutare

#### BULAWAYO METROPOLITAN PROVINCE

[12 constituencies]

## 1. Bulawayo Central: 27 646 Registered Voters

An area of land bound by a line drawn from the intersection of Masotsha Ndlovu Avenue and Lady Stanley Avenue, northwards ... then further north-eastwards along the latter to the starting point.

[The full verbal boundary description appears in the gazetted Proclamation, but has been omitted from this abridged version.]

The constituency is made of wards 1, 2 and 5 of the City of Bulawayo.

[In the gazetted proclamation the entries for each of the remaining constituencies in the Province follow the same pattern – Heading (name of constituency and number of registered voters), full verbal boundary description, list of wards making up the constituency.]

[Entries for the other provinces, listed below, follow the same pattern.]

### HARARE METROPOLITAN PROVINCE

[29 constituencies]

# MANICALAND PROVINCE

[26 constituencies]

### MASHONALAND CENTRAL PROVINCE

[18 constituencies]

#### MASHONALAND EAST PROVINCE

[23 constituencies]

## MASHONALAND WEST PROVINCE

[22 constituencies]

## MASVINGO PROVINCE

[26 provinces]

## MATABELELAND NORTH PROVINCE

[13 constituencies]

## MATABELELAND SOUTH PROVINCE

[13 constituencies]

## MIDLANDS PROVINCE

[28 constituencies]

#### PART II

## NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SENATORIAL CONSTITUENCIES

In the following Part the names and descriptions of the boundaries of the Senatorial constituencies are given, together with the names of the House of Assembly constituencies making up each Senatorial constituency. The descriptions of the boundaries of these Senatorial constituencies are contained in the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission's final delimitation report, which descriptions (together with figures representing Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 36 South (S) co-ordinates, based on the modified Clarke 1880 Spheroid (SA), for both the constituencies and the wards) are hereby incorporated by reference. The report may be inspected free of charge during normal working hours at the following provincial offices of the Zimbabwe Electoral Commission indicated in the introduction to Part I above.

#### **BULAWAYO METROPOLITAN PROVINCE**

# 1. Emangwini

This constituency is made up of Nkulumane and Nketa House of Assembly Constituencies.

[In the gazetted proclamation the entries for each of the remaining constituencies in the Province follow the same pattern – Heading (name of senatorial constituency) and list of constituencies making up the constituency. [Entries for the other nine provinces follow the same pattern. In accordance with section 34(1)(a) of the Constitution there are 6 senatorial constituencies for each of the 10 provinces.]

. . . .

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of Zimbabwe at Harare, this twenty-ninth day of January, in the year of our Lord two thousand and eight.

R.G. MUGABE

President.

By Command of the President.

This proclamation was published as a supplement to the Zimbabwean Government *Gazette* Extraordinary dated 1st February, 2008.